

Miller & Rhoads.

WEATHER FORECAST.—Wednesday showers and thunder storms.

BLACK SILKS.

A prominent writer the other day was deprecating the fact that so many men and women were contented with being "average" people. It's the same way with many stores—but not with Miller & Rhoads—and nowhere in the store is "top notch in quality and service" more in evidence than in the department of Black Silks—for after all, Silks and Dress Goods are the foundation stones upon which a store's superstructure is raised.

Black Taffeta 50c.	Black Shangai Silk 85c.
Black Taffeta 55c.	Black Japanese Silk 50c to \$1.00.
Guaranteed to wear, woven in selvedge.	Black Japanese Waterproof Silks 50c. to \$1.50. Guaranteed
Black Taffeta \$1.00.	Water-proof, Spot-proof, Perspiration-proof and fast black.
36 inches wide, guaranteed, woven in selvedge.	Black Peau de Soie .75c to \$2.00.
Windham Black Taffeta 85c to \$1.50 yard.	Black Peau de Cygne 75c to \$1.50.
Black Peau de Soie 50c.	Black Korean Silk 60c.
10 inches wide and very lustrous.	32 inches wide.
Black Peau de Cygne 75c.	Black Crepe de Chine 75c and \$1.00.
Black Taffeta Habutai 85c.	Black Gros Grain 75c to \$1.50.
\$1.00 and \$1.25. Guaranteed fast black and waterproof.	Black Satin Duchess 75c and \$1.00.
Black Pongee 85c.	Black Fille Francs \$1.25.
	Windham Louise \$1.00.

SEE OUR AD. ON WOMAN'S PAGE IN THIS EVENING'S NEWS LEADER.

FIGHT MADE FOR BODY OF WILLIAMS

Supreme Court Sustains Judge Wood in Refusing to Grant an Injunction.

When on last Friday the city sergeant of the city of Roanoke hanged the negro Henry Williams, it was thought that the Commonwealth of Virginia and her courts were done with the case. But it seems otherwise. The sergeant was instructed to turn the body of the negro over to the medical department of the University of Virginia, to be used in the interest of medical science, as the law directs, and this he did.

But Dr. Cannaday, of Roanoke, claimed that he was the custodian of the body of the negro, having purchased it from Laura Williams, his mother, and acting in the name of Laura Williams, went before Judge Woods of the Corporation Court of Roanoke, and asked for an injunction to forbid the city sergeant from shipping the body to the University. Judge Woods promptly refused to issue the enjoining order, and the body went to the University.

CHESTNUT HILL AND HIGHLAND PARK

Mr. and Mrs. Collier, who have been visiting their cousin, Mr. William Collier, of Chestnut Hill, have returned to their home in Michigan. Miss Maggie Kirby, of Fourth Avenue, is quite ill with pneumonia. Mrs. Mortimer McChesney, of First Avenue, The Young People's Church will be entertained next Friday evening by Miss Mary Barker. Dr. Ernest Mosley, of Staunton, Va., has been visiting his father, Mr. Andrew F. Mosley, of Fourth Avenue. Miss Maude Livermore, who has for the past several weeks been quite sick with scarlet fever, is now able to be out. Dr. Ernest Mosley, of Staunton, Va., is the guest of friends in New Kent county. Mrs. Ernest Mosley, of Staunton, Va., operated last week at the Memorial Hospital. Miss Virginia Jones, of East Richmond, has been visiting her cousin, Miss Josie and Maude, of New Kent Road. Miss Maude Harvey, of Richmond, spent several days last week with friends on the river.

Little Thomas Marshall, who has been quite ill for the past week, is slowly improving. The musical entertainment given by the Young Men's Society of Highland Park Methodist Church on Friday evening was a decided success. The main attraction was a solo by Miss Myrtle Redford, of Second Avenue, who has been visiting the past week with relatives in the city. Miss Bertha Marshall, who has been confined to her home by illness, is now able to be out. The roll of honor for Highland Park School, ending for the week Friday, March 18th, is as follows: Miss Elizabeth Quincy, Teacher; Miss Marshall, Pledge Christian, Louise Ten-Fly, Intermediate A—Lola Wingfield, Rebecca Church, Julia Todd, Anna Sale, Edna Howard, Junior A—Virginia Fleming, Edna Bowman, Anna Grammer, Grace, Mary Ten-Fly, Teacher, Roy Starke, Emily Cross, Mildred Clarke, Roy Cross, Virginia Fleming. Fourth grade: Grace—Fannie Gray, Marie Todd, Gertrude Royal.

FAIRMOUNT NEWS.

Mr. George Cooke has moved his family to Baltimore, their former home, to reside. Mrs. Linda Cosby and Mrs. Anna Dudley were the guests of Mrs. Mary Ten-Fly last week. Louis Morris and wife have left for Baltimore, where they will make their future home. Mrs. Mary McDowell and her daughter, Mrs. J. A. Brown, who have been quite sick, are now getting on their feet. A little boy, who was accidentally shot by his father, is now recovering from his wounds. John Richardson, of Hinton, W. Va., visited his wife here several days last week. Mrs. M. E. Manley and daughter, Mrs. W. A. Rhodes, are in Alabama visiting Clarence Manley. Helen and Estelle, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. T. Perkins, are quite sick with diphtheria. Herbert Morris has accepted a position in the News and will leave his family there shortly. Mrs. Joseph Smith is quite ill with pneumonia. A musical entertainment will be given at the News on Friday night for the benefit of the church. Mrs. Mollie Binn and Miss Beale Fowler, of Farmington, will be the guests of the News on Saturday night. Miss Phoebe Connelly will give a box party on Friday night in her home in Twenty-third Street. Mr. and Mrs. Milton Bledsoe, of Hanover county, were the guests of Mr. Louis Morris last week. Little Miss Greenstreet will be brought home today from the Sheltering Arms Hospital, where she has been ill several weeks with pneumonia. Mrs. Joseph Bledsoe, who recently fractured her hip, is getting along as well as could be expected. Mr. J. H. Staines, the well known grocer, is critically ill at the Hotel for the Sick.

INVINCIBLE POSITION

The State's Defense in the Selden Suffrage Cases Outlined in Its Brief.

SUPPORTED BY DECISIONS

Six Postulates Which Control the Decision of the Pending Virginia Case.

The brief submitted by Attorney-General William A. Anderson and his associate, Mr. Frank W. Christian, in the case of William S. Selden and others vs. Andrew J. Montague, Governor of Virginia, and others, constituting the State board of canvassers of Virginia, popularly known as the suffrage cases, has not been adequately presented in the press reports emanating from Baltimore and Washington.

The contention of the attorneys for the State is very clearly stated in the following "irrefutable postulates" which, according to the counsel, must control the decision in Virginia cases:

1. The States of the Federal Union, and the States alone, are vested with plenary power and discretion to determine who shall be clothed with the duty, the privilege and the right of suffrage, subject only to the condition prescribed in the fifteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States that the right to vote shall not be denied or abridged on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

2. Any qualification for the exercise of the duty, privilege and right of voting which does not deny or abridge that right because of race, color or previous condition of servitude, is valid.

3. Those citizens of a State who, by its laws, framed in conformity with the limitations of the fifteenth amendment, are made to constitute the electorate, who shall choose the members of the most numerous branch of the Legislature of such State, are made Federal electors, by clause 1 of section 3 of article I, of the Federal Constitution, and are entitled to the right to vote for members of the House of Representatives.

4. While any such Federal elector will have a cause of action against any election officers of the State who shall wrongfully deny him the exercise of his right to vote at any Federal election, such right to vote at any such election, though founded in and assumed by the Federal Constitution, is primarily derived from the State and does not exist when the State has withheld the grant of such right for any cause or upon any ground, other than the race, color or previous condition of servitude of the citizen.

5. Subject to the limitation of the fifteenth amendment, the general government must be denied or abridgment of the right to vote "on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude."

6. In determining what the qualifications of a voter shall be, it is competent for the State to fix, as tests of fitness, characteristics which, though possessed by both white and colored citizens, are possessed by the whites in larger proportion than by the blacks; for instance, the qualifications of intelligence, military service in time of war, the ownership of property, or any other qualities or attributes which are not based on the race, color or previous condition of servitude of the citizen.

These six distinct and clearly stated propositions are established and sustained by seven cases quoted and referred to in the brief. One of these and one of the chief ones relied upon by the State, is the case of *Williams vs. Williams*, which was decided by the Virginia cases. The petitioners, represented by Mr. Wise, rely largely on the *Yick Wo* case, which the State contends is not applicable to the case under consideration.

The postulates quoted are the gist of the contention and clearly define the position assumed by the counsel for the State of Virginia.

THE KELLAM AFFAIR.

Princess Anne Clerk Has Issued the Expected Pamphlet.

The expected pamphlet of A. A. Kellam, of Princess Anne, in reply to charges against the character made by the Rev. W. A. H. Miller, of Berkeley, has appeared. It is a voluminous document, going thoroughly into the details of the case, and contains a number of letters from ministers and prominent citizens.

ONLY A SUGGESTION.

But It Has Proven of Interest and Value to Thousands.

Common sense would suggest that if one wishes to become fleshy and plump it can only result from the food we eat. It is a fact that food should be nutritious and that food should be like eggs, beefsteak and cereals; in other words, the kinds of food that the greater part of our daily bills of fare.

The trouble is that while we eat enough, and generally too much, the stomach, from abuse and overwork, does not properly digest and assimilate the food. The result is that the food is not properly digested and assimilated, and the body is not properly nourished. The food is not properly digested and assimilated, and the body is not properly nourished.

There are thousands of such who are really confirmed dyspeptics, although they may have no particular pain or inconvenience from their stomachs. If such persons would lay their prejudices aside and make a regular practice of taking, after each meal, one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, the food would be quickly and thoroughly digested, because these tablets contain the natural pepsin and diastase which every weak stomach lacks, and by supplying this want the stomach is soon enabled to regulate its normal action.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest every form of flesh-forming food, meat, eggs, bread and potatoes, and this is the reason they so quickly build up, strengthen and invigorate thin, dyspeptic men, women and children.

Travelers and children, even the most delicate, use them with marked benefit, as they contain no strong, irritating drugs, no cathartics, nor any harmful ingredients.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most successful and most widely known of any remedy for stomach troubles, because it is the most reasonable and scientific of modern medicines.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists in the United States and Canada, as well as in Great Britain, at 50 cents for complete treatment.

Nothing further is required to cure any stomach trouble or to make thin, nervous, dyspeptic people plump and well.

DO YOUR FEET PROTEST?

It is unreasonable to jam the feet into misshapen foot-gear for the sake of style, when, with Crossett Shoes, you can attain "good-form" and comfort at the same time. Try them.

If YOUR dealer does not keep them, write me. I will tell you who does.

LEWIS A. CROSSETT, Inc.
NORTH BRIMINGTON, MASS.

laymen testifying to the high character of Mr. Kellam.

It will be recalled that when the Virginia Conference met in this city, two years ago, there was a great sensation at the concluding session, when the Rev. Mr. Christian objected to Mr. Kellam as a member of the Board of Education and had his name stricken off. The minister made no open charges, but suggested that there was something against the character of the minister. When the conference met again last year, Mr. Kellam was present and it was expected that he would force the matter. But Mr. Kellam was not there, and the conference was held without him.

He lingered quite a while without doing so, and finally, when he had a private audience with the minister, he was told that he had lost his opportunity to bring the matter up.

Mr. Kellam then announced through this paper that he would prepare and issue a pamphlet covering his side of the case. It is this document which has now just appeared.

DAUGHTERS CHARTERED

Richmond Chapter Confederate Women Get Charter.

The Corporation Commission yesterday granted a charter to the Richmond Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

The organization, which has long been in existence, but which is just now taking corporate form, is headed by Mrs. N. V. Randolph, president. Mrs. Randolph is the logical woman for leader, on account of the indefatigable efforts she has made in connection with the chapter, and in giving it life and vigor. The corporation has no capital stock, but may hold real estate not in excess of \$10,000.

Indemnitors are to be here, and the objects are to promote interest in the society of the Daughters of the Confederacy, and to promote the welfare of the colored people, especially in Virginia and in Richmond.

Supreme Court of Appeals.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company vs. First National Bank of Alexandria, argued by James R. Catton for the appellant and John M. Johnson for the appellee, and submitted.

Richmond and Petersburg Electric Light Company vs. Rubin, argued by W. C. Graham for the plaintiff in error and D. L. Pulliam for the defendant, and submitted.

Next cases to be called: *Wills vs. Gorrell* and others, City of Petersburg vs. Petersburg Aqueduct Company, and National Accident Society vs. W. A. H. Miller, being Nos. 15, 17 and 18 on argument docket.

Retouching the Portraits.

W. L. Sheppard, the well known artist, has been engaged to retouch all the portraits in the gallery of the State Library. He will probably be occupied with it for two weeks or more to come, and when he has finished the retouching of the gallery, that attractive place will be more interesting and more inviting than ever.

Colored Business College.

The Corporation Commission have granted a charter to the Richmond Business College (colored).

The home office is to be in Richmond, and the capital is \$10,000. The officers are Charles E. Mitchell, president; D. Webster Davis, secretary; Rev. W. C. Graham, treasurer.

In the City Courts.

In the Circuit Court yesterday, in the case of *Mr. B. J. Williams vs. S. S. Chestwood*, for \$50, the jury brought in a verdict for the defendant.

Little or nothing was going on in the other courts.

J. W. Granger filed a suit in the Circuit Court for \$5,000 alleged damages against the Atlantic Coast Line Railway Company.

A meeting of the charter members of the Hines Memorial Association, a well known philanthropic organization, designed to honor in a fitting way a great exemplar of the principles of the order, will be held on Monday night in Murphy's Hotel annex. The purpose of the meeting is to effect a reorganization of the association, and thereafter to prosecute to its consummation the purpose of the organization.

New Insurance Company.

It is understood that on or about April 1st Mr. B. J. Williams, of Russell county, who recently resigned as assistant secretary of the State Corporation Commission, will organize a new Insurance Company, with the home office at Bristol, Va.-Tenn. The company will be known as the Imperial and will have a maximum capital stock of \$100,000.

Labor Notes.

The Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners are after an 8-hour day. The subject was discussed at the meeting of Local 82 last night.

The Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers will meet at Thorp's Hall to-night.

Little Son III.

The Little Son of Manager Charles J. McKee, of the *Argonaut*, is ill with pneumonia at his father's residence, No. 1320 4th Street, Floyd Avenue.

Extremely Ill.

Mr. John C. Walsh, one of the oldest citizens, living at No. 124 North Twenty-ninth Street, who was stricken with apoplexy Sunday night, is extremely ill.

Mrs. Montague Much Better.

Mrs. A. J. Montague, who has been confined to the hospital by sickness for several days, is much improved and is able to be up. She is being attended by Dr. Lewis C. Rhodes.

MEMBERS VINDICTIVE

Not a Few of Them Trying to Get Even With Bristol.

BABCOCK'S EXPLANATION

Says He Did Not Post Extra Matter at Weighing Time.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Outside of a few routine matters the House of Representatives devoted the entire day to further discussion of the postoffice appropriation bill, but disposed of only one page of the bill.

Mr. Butler, of Pennsylvania, endeavored unsuccessfully to have passed an amendment designed to transfer back to the office of the first assistant postmaster general jurisdiction of the free delivery and rural delivery service, which caused Mr. Moon, of Tennessee, the ranking minority member of the committee to administer a rebuke to those members who are trying to take from the fourth assistant certain duties given to him under the law. He said there was a motive behind it all, and that certain members, chafing under the recent report of the department, are seeking to punish Bristol for discovering frauds in another bureau of the department.

It was, he said, not the time to do this. "Why," he asked, "should we place the control of these things back under a discredited bureau of the government? Why take it from the bureau that has brought about the prosecution of those wrongs?" In sarcastic vein he inquired: "Have you such a feeling towards Bristol because he has discharged his duty, that you propose to violate all precedent and take from the Postmaster-General the discretion given him?"

STAY BY BRISTOW.

He said certain members were chafing under the recent Postoffice Department report, and added:

"I think you are getting as far from him as you can." He said the House ought to stay by Bristol. "Just a little while longer." His remarks were greeted with applause. The Butler amendment was defeated.

An amendment by Mr. Tawney, of Minnesota, which was agreed to, prohibit the Postmaster-General from ordering out of postoffices telephone communicators other than the Bell Company. An amendment by C. B. Landis, of Indiana, prohibiting the further rental of cancelling machines, was adopted after a spirited debate.

Mr. Babcock (Republican, Wisconsin), rising to a question of privilege, denied having shipped large quantities of documents to the weighing period in the interest of the railroad. He said the documents had been sent out in the course of ordinary business and that he knew nothing about the official weighing.

Mr. Babcock was interrupted in the course of his remarks by Mr. Tawney, who inquired if there was any member of the House who knew when the weighing took place, and if it was not a matter of executive session, with the department. Mr. Butler (Republican, Pennsylvania) declared that nobody knew, which caused Mr. Hull (Republican, Iowa) to remark that members did know and that they were called on to recommend the weighers. Mr. Overstreet declared the weighing was public to everybody.

The House adjourned until to-morrow.

SENATOR DICK ARRIVES.

Mark Hanna's Successor in His Seat for the First Time.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The Senate spent the greater part of the day in considering the Indian appropriation bill. That measure, covering 10 pages, was read almost thrice for committee amendments, most of which were agreed to, but there was more or less debate on various provisions.

Late in the day Senator-elect Dick, of Ohio, appeared in the Senate chamber, the first time since his election. He went direct to Senator Foraker's seat and was cordially greeted, but their conference was cut short by the announcement of an executive session, from which Mr. Dick, not having yet taken the oath of office, was excluded under the rules of the Senate.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

PAPER BAGS SERVE TRADE BAROMETER

The paper bag, the kind the grocers use, you know, is the best barometer for registering the rise and fall of general prosperity," said the city salesman of the morning. "I have been selling paper bags for twenty-six years, and I can tell you now, as I now sell them, that I do not just about how much money there was in general circulation at any time since I have been selling that old paper bag about the city."

In twenty-six years I have closely watched the sales, and I want to say that I am selling bigger paper bags now than I ever before. Along about 1874, and for three or four years afterward one-pound and two-pound sizes were the most used. I now sell them in as many eight-pound bags as I did even six or seven years ago.

You see, it stands to reason that when people save little money they will buy their groceries in small amounts. When there is plenty of money people buy more at a time. Of course, when the grocer's paper bags are sold, it means that I won't sell so many of them, for people don't trot to the grocer so often."

Hearst Club.

Mr. W. L. Becker, secretary of the Hearst Club, of this city, said last night that the membership of the club had reached up into the hundreds and was increasing daily.

A POSSIBILITY.

That Became a Fact and Pleases Many People.

A. R. Lewis, M. D., in a lengthy article in the columns of the American Journal of Health, says concerning hair, "The deterioration is a constant source of worry to humanity, consequently, bald people are readily deceived by 'fake' hair restoratives. The wish that a hair preparation will 'fill the bill' is fostered by the fact that it is likely to do so."

A rare case in point is that of New York's Herpelide, which actually does fill the bill. It destroys the parasite that attacks the hair root, and prevents dandruff, falling hair, and keeps the scalp clean, healthy and vigorous. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpelide Co., Detroit, Mich.

Dr. Lewis, M. D., and Minor Drug Co., Special Agents.



What Everybody Wants to Know

Perfect preparations for the prevention and cure of dandruff, falling hair and premature baldness have existed in the past, only in secret.

They were compounded without any exact knowledge of the real cause of the diseases which they were intended to cure. They were good enough for the time—but they are not good enough for today.

We know now that diseases of the hair and scalp are of parasitic origin.

This truth is the result of modern investigation and our knowledge of the bacteriological origin of disease.

We know now that the itching scalp, the falling hair and the dandruff that annoy and disgust are the work of a parasite hidden deep down in the scalp.

To cure the surface indications we must reach the cause below. This.

Crani-Tonic Hair-Food

does. Being a parasiticide, it penetrates to the entire depth of the hair-follicle and destroys the parasite that causes the trouble.

It does more—it feeds the weakened hair-follicle back to health.

It gives the hair new life, luster and growth by feeding the scalp which holds the hair roots.

It cures dandruff, stops falling and prevents gray hair and baldness.

It is invigorating, refreshing and of delightful odor.

It is absolutely harmless, contains no grease, sediment, dye matter or dangerous drugs.

It is pure, clean, clear as crystal, delightful to use and certain in its work.

All Dealers—Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 the Bottle.

FREE HAIR FOOD. To enable the public to observe the purity and learn its possibilities and what it has done for others, a large Trial Bottle of Crani-Tonic Hair-Food and a book entitled "Hair Care and Hair Education," containing illustrations, will be mailed to all who send name and complete address and 10 cents in stamps or coin to pay for patent mailing case and postage, to

CRANI-TONIC HAIR-FOOD CO.

526 West Broadway, New York City.

OLD FRIENDS CONTEST

ARE YOU AN OLD READER?

CAN YOU FURNISH POSITIVE PROOF?

DO YOU THINK YOU ARE THE OLDEST ALIVE?

The oldest regular readers of

THE TIMES-DISPATCH

now living have in store unexpected but gratifying

PRIZES!

These rewards will be given to the TEN readers of The Daily or Weekly Times-Dispatch who can furnish a sworn statement proving longest term of subscription, for we want to show our appreciation of

OLD FRIENDS!!

CONDITIONS.

FIRST—To the five regular readers of The Times-Dispatch who can prove by affidavit or other positive means on or before Friday, April 1st, the longest consecutive service as regular readers, either to the Daily or Weekly "Dispatch" or "Times," as a recognition of such proof their names will be entered upon the list to receive a copy of The Daily and Sunday Times-Dispatch Free as long as they live.

SECOND—To the next five regular readers who furnish proof in the same manner, The Weekly Times-Dispatch will be mailed Free as long as they live.

IMPORTANT—Persons entering this contest must furnish full particulars of proof, a brief sketch of their life and occupation, place of birth and date, together with their most recent photograph, which will be returned if postage is enclosed.

CONTEST Will Close FRIDAY, APRIL 1st.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

OLD FRIENDS CONTEST, TIMES-DISPATCH, RICHMOND, VA.

CONTEST Will Close FRIDAY, APRIL 1st.

Temperance Meetings.

Stopped Over.

The regular meeting of the Central Virginia Christian Temperance Union will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock in Broad Street Methodist Episcopal Church.

Golden Rule will meet in the home of the president, No. 62 North Ninth Street, this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Richmond will meet Thursday afternoon in the home of the president, No. 12 South Fifth Street.